

wheat agreement of 1946-50. Mar. 2, First Canadian casualty list from Korea—six dead. Mar. 9, Federal Parliament approved incorporation of Trans-Canada Pipe Line to build 3,100-mile natural gas pipe line from Alberta to Montreal. Mar. 15, Report of the Royal Commission on Transportation tabled in the House of Commons. Mar. 20, Field Marshal Viscount Montgomery named Deputy Commander of Atlantic Treaty Army. Mar. 27, Agreement ratified between Canada and the United States providing for co-ordinated civil defence planning and action along the border between the two countries. Apr. 1, Department of Defence Production established with the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe as Minister. Apr. 2, Gen. Eisenhower took command of NATO forces in Europe. Apr. 5-8, Vincent Auriol, President of France, visited Canada and addressed the Senate and the House of Commons at Ottawa. Apr. 11, Lt.-Gen. Matthew B. Ridgway given Supreme Command of United Nations Forces in Korea, vice, Gen. Douglas MacArthur. Apr. 24, First shipment of oil from Alberta by pipe line and freighter flowed into storage tanks at Sarnia. May 1, Minister of National Defence announced that the 25th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group would join other Commonwealth forces in Korea as "The First (Commonwealth) Division, United Nations Forces". May 4, Minister of National Defence announced formation of 27th Canadian Infantry Brigade Group to serve in Europe with the NATO defence forces. Vanguard of 25th Canadian Infantry Brigade landed at Pusan, Korea. May 8, Trade agreements between Canada and 16 countries resulting from the Torquay meeting of the parties to the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade in 1950-51, signed at U.N. headquarters. June 1, Report of the Royal Commission on National Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences tabled in the House of Commons. Ninth decennial census of Canada taken. June 15, Amendment to the Northwest Territories Act provides for a partially elective council. July 10, Canada formally ended state of war with Germany by Royal Proclamation. Sept. 8, Japanese Peace Treaty signed by 48 nations at San Francisco; Hon. L. B. Pearson, Minister of External Affairs, signed for Canada. Sept. 10, Canada and Pakistan signed a technical assistance pact; Canada will provide technical and equipment aid amounting to \$10,000,000 in the first year of Pakistan's six-year development plan. Sept. 15-20, Meeting of the Council of NATO held at Ottawa. Sept. 17, First election held in the Northwest Territories. Sept. 23, His Majesty King George VI underwent operation for lung resection. Sept. 26, David M. Johnson appointed Canada's permanent representative to United Nations vice Gen. A. G. L. McNaughton. Sept. 28, International Monetary Fund lifted restrictions on the selling of gold. Oct. 8-Nov. 12, Her Royal Highness the Princess Elizabeth and His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh toured Canada. Oct. 18, Minister of National Defence announced Canadian Army and Air Force to maintain 12,000 officers and men on active service in Europe as part of Canada's undertaking under NATO. Oct. 26, Field Marshal Viscount

Alexander's term of office as Governor General of Canada extended. Nov. 15, First units of 27th Canadian Brigade arrived at Hanover, Germany. Dec. 3, Agreement between Government of Canada and Government of Ontario signed *re* St. Lawrence power development; approved by Federal Parliament Dec. 8. Dec. 10, First session of the partially elected Council of the Northwest Territories opened at Yellowknife, N.W.T.; previous sessions of appointed Council held at Ottawa. Dec. 12, St. Lawrence Seaway Authority established by Act of Parliament and empowered to construct and maintain the seaway either as an all-Canadian undertaking or jointly with the United States. Dec. 14, Federal Government abolished all foreign exchange control regulations. Dec. 24, Libya became a new and independent kingdom by formal proclamation.

1952. Jan. 1, Old Age Security Act 1951, under which a universal pension is paid to persons aged 70 or over, became operative; also the Old Age Assistance Act 1951, providing pensions to needy persons aged 65 to 69. Jan. 11-15, The Rt. Hon. Winston S. Churchill, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom, visited Ottawa. Jan. 28, Viscount Alexander's appointment as Governor General of Canada terminated. Feb. 6, His Majesty King George VI died; Her Majesty Queen Elizabeth II proclaimed Sovereign Ruler—Canada issued proclamation. Feb. 20-25, Ninth session of NATO Council, held at Lisbon, fixed 50 combat-ready divisions and 4,000 aircraft as two-year goal. Feb. 21, Treaty signed by Canada and the United States providing for greater safety and convenience for shipping on the Great Lakes by the use of radio. Feb. 28, The Rt. Hon. Charles Vincent Massey sworn in as Governor General of Canada, first native-born Canadian to hold that post. Apr. 21-28, Queen Juliana of The Netherlands visited Ottawa and vicinity. Apr. 28, Gen. Matthew Ridgway appointed Supreme Allied Commander in Europe. Gen. Mark W. Clark appointed United Nations Commander in Korea and Commander-in-Chief of the United States Armed Forces in the Far East. Treaty of Peace concluded at San Francisco between the Allied Powers and Japan (Sept. 8, 1951) came into force with respect to Canada. Full diplomatic relations resumed between Canada and Japan. May 5, All consumer credit restrictions suspended. June 22-26, Prime Minister of Australia, Rt. Hon. Robert Menzies, visited Ottawa. June 30, Application submitted by the Canadian Government to the International Joint Commission for an order approving the construction of works for the development of power in the international rapids section of the St. Lawrence River. July 12, Governments of Canada and Ceylon agreed to a program of economic aid to be supplied by Canada under the Colombo Plan. July 23-Aug. 9, International Red Cross Conference held at Toronto. Aug. 4, Fire in Parliamentary Library. Aug. 11-Sept. 13, Sixth British Commonwealth Forestry Conference held at Ottawa. Sept. 6, Canada's first television station officially opened at Montreal. Sept. 9-13, Biennial Conference of Commonwealth Parliamentary Association met at Ottawa. Sept. 8, Television station at Toronto officially